# SAFEGUARDING ACROSS THE CURRICULUM





### The Safeguarding Team





All pupil safeguarding concerns must be reported on My Concern without delay



Miss J Scattergood Headteacher



Mr K Mather Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead



Mrs S McKenzie Designated Safeguarding Lead



Miss K Bradshaw Designated Safeguarding Lead



Ms K Thompson **Deputy Designated** Safeguarding Lead



Miss C Meakin Designated Safeguarding Officer



Mrs C Wragg Education Welfare Officer

**Key Phone Numbers** 

Il Care (Initial Response): 01332 641172

Public - 01332 956606

Professionals - 01332 956607

Childline : 0800 1111

Reporting FGM: 101

er-Extremism: 020 7340 7264

sally.siner@derby.gov.uk

**Vhistleblowing: 0800 028 0285** 

All concerns of poor practice or concerns about a child's welfare brought about by the behaviour of colleagues (including supply staff, contractors, and volunteers) should be

Where there are concerns allegations about the Headteacher this should be referred to the Director

onflict of interest in reporting the matter to the Headteacher this In a situation where there is a should be reported directly to Director of Schools (Secondary) who will risk assess if a referral needs to be made to the LADO.

01332 642376

Paper forms to report your concerns can be found in the staffroom and safeguarding office



# **Key Information**



A culture of safeguarding is embedded at Da Vinci Academy. We pride ourselves in knowing our students and the needs of both the individuals within our community and the needs of the wider community itself. As a result of our knowledge and experience of the challenges some our students face we recognise that they are at greater risk of:

- Failing to stay safe online This is addressed by our online safety curriculum delivered through the PSHE curriculum and computing lessons. We have also become a National Online Safety school (NOS) giving access to advice and resources for students, parents and staff. We also use SENSO to monitor student's computer use whilst using academy owned devices.
- Self-harm and mental health This is addressed by having access to non-teaching
  assistant achievement leaders and a part time school counsellor. Da Vinci also work
  closely with the school health team and run weekly drop ins; referrals can also be
  completed to them for support. We are also able to refer into the emotional
  wellbeing service (Changing Lives) and work closely with parents to support with any
  self-referrals. Where students require CAMHS support a SPOA will be completed
- Community issues including anti-social behaviour and drug misuse This has become an increasing issue over the last couple of year. We continue to work with outside agencies and have recently set up half termly TAS meetings. We must acknowledge that it can and does happen and ensure we offer intervention at the earliest opportunity.
- **Domestic Abuse** Since late 2018 we have received SDAT (Stopping Domestic Abuse Together) notifications. We are seeing a year-on-year rise on domestic abuse notifications impacting students in our school.

In addition to ensuring our safeguarding procedures, displays around the academy and training are of the highest standard and ensuring staff remain vigilant, we also recognise the need to safeguard our students through education and the curriculum within school.



# **Key Information**



#### The Legal Context

These duties are set out in the 2002 Education Act. Schools also have statutory responsibilities in relation to promoting pupil wellbeing and pupil safeguarding (Children Act 2004) and community cohesion (Education Act 2006). The Equality Act 2010 also places duties on schools to help to reduce prejudice-based bullying.

### **Opportunities to Teach Safeguarding**

Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE) September 2023 outlines that: "Governing bodies and proprietors should ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety. Schools should consider this as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum. This may include covering relevant issues through Relationships Education and Relationships and Sex Education (formerly known as Sex and Relationship Education), tutorials (in colleges) and/or where delivered, through Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education."

#### **RSHE**

The aim of RSHE is to support students in embracing the challenges of creating a happy and successful adult life. To support this student's need knowledge that will enable them to make informed decisions about their wellbeing, health and relationships and to build their self-efficacy. Students should also be able to put this knowledge into practice as they develop the capacity to make sound decisions when facing risks, challenges and complex contexts. Everyone faces difficult situations in their lives. The subjects covered in the RSHE curriculum can support young people to develop resilience, to know how and when to ask for help, and to know where to access support.

### **Personal Development Programme**

Lessons are timetabled and delivered across all year groups. These are delivered 4 days a week.





Topics covered across the curriculum (All subjects excluding Life)					
Topic	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
Types of Abuse – Including rights of the child.	Study of the Tempest – looks at misuse of power.	Study of 19 <sup>th</sup> century literature – looks at child labour, child exploitation in Victorian England etc.			
		Animal Farm & Merchant of Venice – abuse of power History – Industrial revolution, looks at child			
		labour			
Online Safety	Computer Science and how to behave on social media	14504	Computer Science – Privacy and cybersecurity	GCSE Art – using the internet in a sensible and careful way when researching.	Food Coursework – using the internet to carry out safe and appropriate research.
			French – social media/internet unit	French – social media/internet unit	Computer Science GCSE – Cybersecurity and Data protection.
Domestic Abuse (Healthy Relationships)			Study of Othello – Desdemona and Othello relationship	GCSE English Literature – Macbeth & LMB relationship	GCSE English Literature – Macbeth & LMB relationship
Forced Marriage			Struggle for Identity in modern literature – deals with issues around race, gender, sexuality, religion, including forced marriage and cultural approaches to marriage	GCSE English Literature – Sheila and Gerald's relationship	GCSE English Literature – Sheila and Gerald's relationship
			RE – Lesson on Hindu marriage explores the differences and legalities of forced versus arranged marriage		
Substance Misuse		Science: The risks of medicinal and recreational drugs. Short term and long-term health impacts of smoking, vaping and alcohol. The effects of addiction and withdrawal symptoms			





			riculum (All subjects excluding Li		
Topic	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
Gang Activity	Study of Long Way Down – addresses gang warfare and the dangers of gang involvement.		RE – Unit on community and vocation, looks at gang activity, radicalisation and extremism		
Radicalisation and Extremism			Struggle for Identity in modern literature – deals with issues around race, gender, sexuality, religion etc  RE – Unit on community and vocation, looks at gang activity, radicalisation and extremism		
Knife Crime	Food/Construction — use of knives and sharps in a kitchen/workshop and how to handle correctly and safely  Study of Long Way Down — deals with knife crime and murder.	Food /Construction— use of knives and sharps in a kitchen/workshop and how to handle correctly and safely	Food/Construction— use of knives and sharps in a kitchen/workshop and how to handle correctly and safely	Food/Art/Construction – use of knives and sharps in a kitchen/workshop/classroo m and how to handle correctly and safely	Food/Art/Construction — use of knives and sharps in a kitchen/workshop/classroo m and how to handle correctly and safely
Child on Child Abuse (Including Bullying)	Computer Science and how to behave on social media. Power Point on bullying				
Homelessness	Geography – We study Dharavi, Mumbai as an 'amazing place'	Study of 19 <sup>th</sup> century literature – looks at poverty in Victorian England			Geography – We study Lagos, Nigeria, and the Makoko Shanty Town
Sexual Violence/Harassment				GCSE English Literature — Eric's relationship with Eva Smith	GCSE English Literature – Eric's relationship with Eva Smith
Children with family members in prison		A Christmas Carol – Dickens' life deals with his history and his father being in debtors prison			





Topics covered across the curriculum (All subjects excluding Life)					
Topic	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
Mental Health & Wellbeing	Food – Healthy Eating and	Food – Healthy Eating and positive	Food – Healthy Eating and positive	Food – Healthy Eating and positive	Food – Healthy Eating and
	positive relationships with	relationships with food.	relationships with food.	relationships with food.	positive relationships with food.
	food.	·	·	·	· ·
			Art – portraiture project (self-	Art – Vanitas project, fragility of	
	Art – portrait of influential		portraits) using surreal imagery.	life and displaying this in	
	figure in cubist style	PE-		personalised projects	PE-
	(emotional quality and		Art- Frida Kahlo, how she channelled		
	impact of colour)	Stress reduction: Engaging in	her struggles and trauma in a	Art – depending on student choice	Stress reduction: Engaging in
	Art propting image of our	physical activity, such as sports,	positive way, creating Art that	of learning – can develop into a	physical activity, such as sports,
	Art – creating image of own pet using artist style	can help reduce stress levels.  Exercise stimulates the production	speaks to people.	number of areas I.e. prior projects of mental health, SEND diagnosis	can help reduce stress levels. Exercise stimulates the
	per using artist style	of endorphins, which are natural		etc	production of endorphins, which
		mood boosters, leading to			are natural mood boosters,
		decreased stress and improved	Struggle for Identity in modern	GCSE English Literature – Eva	leading to decreased stress and
	PE-	mental well-being.	literature – deals with issues around	Smith & Suicide	improved mental well-being.
			race, gender, sexuality, religion etc		
	Stress reduction: Engaging	Mood enhancement: Physical		Macbeth – LMB's deterioration	Mood enhancement: Physical
	in physical activity, such as	activity increases the release of		into insanity and suicide	activity increases the release of
	sports, can help reduce	serotonin and dopamine in the			serotonin and dopamine in the
	stress levels. Exercise	brain, which are neurotransmitters	PE-	Remains – deals with PTSD	brain, which are
	stimulates the production of endorphins, which are	associated with feelings of happiness and well-being.	Character of the state of the s	Colones, The structure of the brain	neurotransmitters associated with feelings of happiness and
	natural mood boosters,	nappiness and weir-being.	Stress reduction: Engaging in	Science: The structure of the brain and how hormones can affect	well-being.
	leading to decreased stress	Boost in self-esteem: Regular	physical activity, such as sports, can help reduce stress levels. Exercise	mood.	
	and improved mental well-	participation in sports can enhance	stimulates the production of		Boost in self-esteem: Regular
	being.	self-esteem and self-confidence.	endorphins, which are natural mood		participation in sports can
			boosters, leading to decreased stress		enhance self-esteem and self-
	Mood enhancement:	Social interaction and support:	and improved mental well-being.	PE-	confidence.
	Physical activity increases	Sports provide opportunities for			
	the release of serotonin and	social interaction, teamwork, and	Mood enhancement: Physical	Stress reduction: Engaging in	Social interaction and support:
	dopamine in the brain, which are	camaraderie. Cognitive benefits: Physical activity has been linked to	activity increases the release of serotonin and dopamine in the brain,	physical activity, such as sports,	Sports provide opportunities for social interaction, teamwork,
	neurotransmitters	improved cognitive function and	which are neurotransmitters	can help reduce stress levels.  Exercise stimulates the production	and camaraderie. Cognitive
	associated with feelings of	enhanced mental clarity. Regular	associated with feelings of happiness	of endorphins, which are natural	benefits: Physical activity has
	happiness and well-being.	exercise, including sports, can	and well-being.	mood boosters, leading to	been linked to improved
		improve focus, concentration, and	_	decreased stress and improved	cognitive function and enhanced
	Boost in self-esteem:	memory, leading to better overall	Boost in self-esteem: Regular	mental well-being.	mental clarity. Regular exercise,
	Regular participation in	mental performance.	participation in sports can enhance		including sports, can improve
	sports can enhance self-		self-esteem and self-confidence.	Mood enhancement: Physical	focus, concentration, and
	esteem and self-confidence.	Stress coping mechanism: Engaging in sports provides a		activity increases the release of	memory, leading to better overall mental performance.
	Social interaction and	healthy outlet to cope with stress	Social interaction and support: Sports provide opportunities for	serotonin and dopamine in the brain, which are neurotransmitters	overali mentai periormance.
	support: Sports provide	and emotional challenges.	social interaction, teamwork, and	associated with feelings of	Stress coping mechanism:
	opportunities for social	Improved sleep: Regular exercise	camaraderie. Cognitive benefits:	happiness and well-being.	Engaging in sports provides a
	interaction, teamwork, and	through sports can contribute to	Physical activity has been linked to	**************************************	healthy outlet to cope with
	camaraderie. Cognitive	better sleep patterns.	improved cognitive function and	Boost in self-esteem: Regular	stress and emotional challenges.
	benefits: Physical activity		enhanced mental clarity. Regular	participation in sports can enhance	Improved sleep: Regular exercise
	has been linked to improved		exercise, including sports, can	self-esteem and self-confidence.	through sports can contribute to
	cognitive function and		improve focus, concentration, and		better sleep patterns.
	enhanced mental clarity. Regular exercise, including		memory, leading to better overall mental performance.	Social interaction and support: Sports provide opportunities for	
	sports, can improve focus,			social interaction, teamwork, and	
	concentration, and memory,		Stress coping mechanism: Engaging	camaraderie. Cognitive benefits:	
	leading to better overall		in sports provides a healthy outlet to	Physical activity has been linked to	
	mental performance.		cope with stress and emotional	improved cognitive function and	
			challenges. Improved sleep: Regular	enhanced mental clarity. Regular	
	Stress coping mechanism:		exercise through sports can	exercise, including sports, can	
	Engaging in sports provides		contribute to better sleep patterns.	improve focus, concentration, and	
	a healthy outlet to cope with stress and emotional			memory, leading to better overall	
	challenges. Improved sleep:			mental performance.	
	Regular exercise through			Stress coping mechanism:	
	sports can contribute to			Engaging in sports provides a	
	better sleep patterns.			healthy outlet to cope with stress	
				and emotional challenges.	
				Improved sleep: Regular exercise	
				through sports can contribute to	
				better sleep patterns.	
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Topics covered across the curriculum (All subjects excluding Life)					
Topic	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
Cybercrime			Computer Science and Cybersecurity. Inc Data Protection Act and Computer Misuse Act.		
RSHE – Relationships, Sex & Health Education	Fitness Training and well-being in Physical Education	Fitness Training and well- being in Physical Education	Fitness Training and well-being in Physical Education	GCSE English Literature – Sheila and Gerald's relationship Macbeth & LMB relationship	GCSE English Literature – Sheila and Gerald's relationship Macbeth & LMB relationship
EDI – Equality, Diversity and Inclusion including protected characteristics	Long Way Down – deals with ideas of race and stereotypes	Merchant of Venice – context linked to antisemitism  History slavery – race stereotypes	Struggle for Identity in modern literature – deals with issues around race, gender, sexuality, religion etc  Study of Othello – race stereotypes  Art- Frida Kahlo, self-esteem, self-acceptance, challenging gender stereotypes, living with disability  History: Holocaust unit – antisemitism and disability	GCSE English Literature – poetry (The Emigree, Checkin' out me history)	GCSE English Literature – poetry (The Emigree, Checkin' out me history



# RSHE Curriculum (9)



What	When
hat there are different types of committed, stable relationships	All year groups in PSHE
ow these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children.	Year 8, 9, & 11 in PSHE
/hat marriage is, including their legal status e.g., that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting r who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony	Year 8, 9 & 11 in PSHE
/hy marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into.	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
he characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
he roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting.	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
low to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
elationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about thers, if needed.	
the characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, ioundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships.	Year 7, 8 & 9 in PSHE
This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship.	
Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships	Year 7, 8 & 9 in PSHE
How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they night normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice).	Year 7, 8 & 9 in PSHE
That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs.	All Year Groups in PSHE
About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help	All year groups in PSHE
hat some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control.	All year groups in PSHE
What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable.	All year groups in PSHE
The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal.	All year groups in PSHE
Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online.	All year groups in PSHE
About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing	All year groups in PSHE
obtentially compromising material placed online.  Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them.	All year groups in PSHE
What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online	All year groups in PSHE
	, , ,
he impact of viewing harmful content.	Year 7 & 8 in Computing
	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see hemselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners.	Year 7 & 8 in Computing
	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
hat sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties ncluding jail.	Year 7 & 8 in Computing
	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
low information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online.	Year 7
the concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced narriage, honour-based violence and FGM and how these can affect current and future relationships.	Year 9 , 10 & 11 in PSHE
low people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be vithdrawn (in all contexts, including online).	Year 9 , 10 & 11 in PSHE
How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, by alty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship.	Year 9 , 10 & 11 in PSHE



# RSHE Curriculum (9)



What	When
That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional,	Year 9 , 10 & 11 in PSHE
mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing.	
The facts about reproductive health, including fertility, and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women and menopause.	Year 7 & 10 in Science
That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others.	Year 9 , 10 & 11 in PSHE
That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex.	Year 9 , 10 & 11 in PSHE
The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available.	Year 9 , 10 & 11 in PSHE and
	Science
The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage.	Year 9 , 10 & 11
That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help)	
	Year 7 and 10 in Science
How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
(including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing.	
About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment.	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour.	Year 8, 9 & 11 in PSHE
How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment.	Year 8, 9, 10 & 11

What	When
How to talk about their emotions accurately and sensitively, using appropriate vocabulary.	All Years in PSHE
That happiness is linked to being connected to others.	All Years in PSHE
How to recognise the early signs of mental wellbeing concerns.	All Years in PSHE
Common types of mental ill health (e.g., anxiety and depression).	All Years in PSHE
How to critically evaluate when something they do or are involved in has a positive or negative effect on their own or others' mental health.	All Years in PSHE
The benefits and importance of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation and voluntary and service-based activities on mental wellbeing and happiness.	Year 7, 8 & 11 in PSHE
The similarities and differences between the online world and the physical world, including: the impact of unhealthy or obsessive comparison with others online (including through setting unrealistic expectations for body image), how people may curate a specific image of their life online, over-reliance on online relationships including social media, the risks related to online gambling including the accumulation of debt, how advertising and information is targeted at them and how to be a discerning consumer of information online.	All Year groups in PSHE
How to identify harmful behaviours online (including bullying, abuse or harassment) and how to report, or find support, if they have been affected by those behaviours.	All Years in PSHE
The positive associations between physical activity and promotion of mental wellbeing, including as an approach to combat stress.	Year 7, 8 & 11 in PSHE
The characteristics and evidence of what constitutes a healthy lifestyle, maintaining a healthy weight, including the links between an inactive lifestyle and ill health, including cancer and cardiovascular ill-health.	Year 7, 8 & 11 in PSHE
About the science relating to blood, organ and stem cell donation.	All year groups in science
low to maintain healthy eating and the links between a poor diet and health risks, including tooth decay and cancer.	Year 8 Science
	Year 7, 8 & 9 in Food Nutrition
he facts about legal and illegal drugs and their associated risks, including the link between drug use, and the associated risks, including the link oserious mental health conditions.	All year groups in science
	Year 9,10 & 11 in PSHE
he law relating to the supply and possession of illegal substances.	Year 8 & 9 in PSHE
The physical and psychological risks associated with alcohol consumption and what constitutes low risk alcohol consumption in adulthood.	All year Groups in PSHE



## RSHE Curriculum



What	When
The physical and psychological consequences of addiction, including alcohol dependency.	All year Groups in PSHE and
	Science
Awareness of the dangers of drugs which are prescribed but still present serious health risks.	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
The facts about the harms from smoking tobacco (particularly the link to lung cancer), the benefits of quitting and how to access support to do	All year groups in PSHE
so.	
About personal hygiene, germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread, treatment and prevention of infection, and about antibiotics.	Year 7 & 9 Science
About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including healthy eating and regular check-ups at the dentist.	Year 8 & 9 in science
(Late secondary) the benefits of regular self-examination and screening.	Year 10 & 11 in PSHE
The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.	Year 8 & 9 in science
The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and how a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.	Year 9, 10 & 11 in PSHE
Basic treatment for common injuries.	All year groups in PSHE
Life-saving skills, including how to administer CPR.	All year groups in PSHE
The purpose of defibrillators and when one might be needed.	All year groups in PSHE
Key facts about puberty, the changing adolescent body and menstrual wellbeing.	Year 7, 8 & in PSHE
	Year 7 and 10 in science
The main changes which take place in males and females, and the implications for emotional and physical health.	Year 7, 8 & in PSHE
	Year 7 and 10 in science

#### **Intervention Programmes**

There are a number of intervention programmes in place that support the education and development of our students additional to those delivered through the curriculum. These are interventions that are available throughout the academic year that are available to all students should their needs require it.

### **Targeted Events**

We work closely with the DDSCP and other agencies to ensure we run targeted events to support our student's education on specific safeguarding topics. Additional to the events below we also support events such as world mental health day (November) and CSE awareness day (March).



